



## **POLICY ON RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION**

### **SCOPE AND PURPOSE OF THE POLICY**

Related party transactions can present a potential or actual conflict of interest which may be against the best interest of the company and its shareholders. Considering the requirements for approval of related party transactions as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) read with the Rules framed there under and Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement (as amended by SEBI Circulars dated April 17, 2014 and September 15, 2014), **Virat Leasing Limited** (“VLL” or “the Company”) has Formulated guidelines for identification of related parties and the proper conduct and documentation of all related party transactions.

Also, Clause 49(VII)(C) of the Listing Agreement requires a company to formulate a policy on materiality of related party transactions and dealing with related party transactions.

In light of the above, the company has framed this Policy on Related Party Transactions (“Policy”). This Policy has been adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company based on recommendations of the Audit Committee. Going forward, the Audit Committee would review and amend the Policy, as and when required, subject to the approval of the Board.

### **OBJECTIVE OF THE POLICY**

The objective of this Policy is to set out (a) the materiality thresholds for related party transactions and; (b) the manner of dealing with the transactions between the Company and its related parties based on the Act, Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement and any other laws and regulations as may be applicable to the Company.

### **DEFINITIONS**

“Act” means Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under, including any modifications, amendments, clarifications, circulars or re-enactments thereof.

“Arm’s Length Basis” means a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated so that there is no conflict of interest.

“Associate” means a company as defined under section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and as defined by Accounting Standard (AS) 23, “Accounting for Investments in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements.

“Audit Committee” means committee of Board of Directors of the Company constituted by Board as per provisions under section 177 of the Act and Clause 49(III) of the Listing Agreement.



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“Board of Directors” or “Board” means the collective body of the Directors of the Company currently constituted as per the provisions of the Company Act.

“Company” means Virat Leasing Limited.

“Employees” mean the employees and office-bearers of the Company, including but not limited to Whole Time Directors.

“Key Managerial Personnel” shall mean the officers of the Company as defined in Section 2(51) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules prescribed there under.

“Listing Agreement” means Equity Listing Agreement of the Company with the Stock Exchange.

“Material Related Party Transaction” mean a transaction as defined as material in Clause 49(VII)(C) of the Listing Agreement or any other law or regulation including any amendment or modification thereof, as may be applicable.

“Ordinary course of business” mean the usual transactions, customs and practices undertaken by the Company to conduct its business operations and activities and includes all such activities which the Company can undertake as per Memorandum & Articles of Association.

“Policy” means the current policy on Related Party Transactions, including amendments, if any, from time to time.

“Related Party” means a Related Party as defined under the Section 2(76) of the Act read with Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement as amended from time to time.

“Related Party Transaction” mean such transactions as specific under Section 188 of the Act or rules made there under and Clause 49(VII)(A) of the Listing Agreement including any amendment or modification thereof, as may be applicable.

“Relative” means a relative as defined under the Section 2(77) of the Act and rules prescribed there under.

“Subsidiary” means a company as defined in Section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013.

“Transaction” with a Related Party shall be construed to include single transaction or series or a group of transactions in a contract.

Any other term not defined herein shall have the same meaning as defined in the Companies Act, 2013, the Listing Agreement, Securities Contract Regulation Act or any other applicable law or regulation.

### **THE POLICY**

The Audit Committee shall be the appropriate authority to review and approve all Related Party Transactions based on this Policy.



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All proposed Related Party Transactions must be reported to the Audit Committee for its prior approval in accordance with this Policy. In the case of frequent / regular / repetitive transactions which are in the Normal course of business of the Company, the Committee may grant standing pre-approval / omnibus approval.

In exceptional cases, where a prior approval could not taken due to an inadvertent omission, urgency or due to unforeseen circumstances, The management will put-up to the Audit committee with reasons for such non approval and the Audit Committee may ratify the transactions in accordance with this Policy.

### **IDENTIFICATION OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Every Director and Key Managerial Personnel will be responsible for providing a declaration on the following information to the Company on an annual basis:

1. Names of his / her Relatives;
2. Partnership firms in which he / she or his / her Relative is a partner;
3. Private Companies in which he / she or his / her Relative is a member or Director;
4. Public Companies in which he / she is a Director and holds along with his/her Relatives more than 2% of paid up share capital;
5. Any Body Corporate whose Board of Directors, Managing Director or Manager is accustomed to act in accordance with his / her advice, directions or instructions; and
6. Persons on whose advice, directions or instructions, he / she is accustomed to act (other than advice, directions or instructions obtained from a person in professional capacity).

Every Director and the Key Managerial Personnel will also be responsible to update the Company Secretary of any changes in the above relationships, directorships, holdings, interests and / or controls immediately on him / her becoming aware of such changes.

### **REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION**

All Related Party Transactions shall be subject to the prior approval of the Audit Committee whether at a meeting or by resolution by circulation or through electronic mode. A member of the Committee who (if) has a potential interest in any Related Party Transaction will not remain present at the meeting or abstain from discussion and voting on such Related Party Transaction and shall not be counted in determining the presence of a quorum when such Transaction is considered.

### **CONSIDERATION BY THE AUDIT COMMITTEE IN APPROVING THE PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS**

While considering any transaction for approval, the Committee shall take into account all relevant facts and circumstances including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Company and to the Related Party, and any other relevant matters. Audit committee can call for additional information as required by them to take a decision on the approval.



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Prior to the approval, the Committee shall, inter-alia, consider the following factors to the extent relevant to the transaction:

- a. Whether the terms of the Related Party Transaction are in the ordinary course of the Company's business and are on an arm's length basis;
- b. The business reasons for the Company to enter into the Related Party Transaction and the nature of alternative transactions, if any;
- c. Whether the Related Party Transaction includes any potential reputational risks that may arise as a result of or in connection with the proposed Transaction; and
- d. Whether the Related Party Transaction would affect the independence or present a conflict of interest for any Director or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, taking into account the size of the transaction, the overall financial position of the Director, Key Managerial Personnel or other Related Party, the direct or indirect nature of the Director's interest, Key Managerial Personnel's or other Related Party's interest in the transaction and the ongoing nature of any proposed relationship and any other factors the Committee deems relevant.

### **STANDING PRE-APPROVAL / OMNIBUS APPROVAL BY THE COMMITTEE**

In the case of frequent / regular / repetitive related party transactions which are in the normal course of business and at arm's length of the Company, the Committee may grant standing pre-approval / omnibus approval for certain class or group of transactions. While granting the approval the Audit Committee shall satisfy itself of the need for the omnibus approval and that same is in the interest of the Company. The omnibus approval shall specify the following:

- a. Name of the related party/ parties
- b. Nature of the transactions
- c. Period of the transactions
- d. Maximum amount of the transactions that can be entered into
- e. Indicative base price / current contracted price and formula for variation in price, if any Such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit.

Such transactions will be deemed to be pre-approved and may not require any further approval of the Audit Committee for each specific transaction unless the price, value or material terms of the contract or arrangement have been varied / amended. Any proposed variations / amendments to these factors shall require a prior approval of the Committee.

### **APPROVAL BY THE BOARD**

If the Committee determines that a Related Party Transaction should be brought before the Board, or if the Board in any case elects to review any such matter or it is mandatory under any law for Board to approve the Related Party Transaction, then the Board shall consider and approve the Related Party Transaction at a meeting and the considerations set forth above shall apply to the Board's review and

approval of the matter, with such modification as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances

### **APPROVAL OF MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**



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All Material Related Party Transactions i.e. if the transaction / transactions to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds ten percent of the annual

consolidated turnover of the company as per the last audited financial statements of the company shall require approval of the shareholders through special resolution and the Related Parties shall abstain from voting on such resolution. This shall not be applicable in the cases where transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.

### **DISCLOSURES**

“VLL” shall disclose, in the Board’s report, transactions prescribed in Section 188(1) of the Act with related parties, which are not in ordinary course of business or arm’s length basis along with the justification for entering into such transaction. In addition to the above, “VLL” shall also provide details of all related party transactions meeting the materiality threshold (laid down in Clause 5 of the Policy above) on a quarterly basis to the stock exchanges.

### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS NOT APPROVED UNDER THIS POLICY**

In the event the Company becomes aware of a transaction with a related party that has not been approved in accordance with this Policy prior to its consummation, the matter shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall consider all of the relevant facts and circumstances regarding the related party transaction, and shall evaluate all options available to the Company, including ratification, revision or termination of the related party transaction. The Audit Committee shall also examine the facts and circumstances pertaining to the failure of reporting such related party transaction to the Audit Committee under this Policy and failure of the internal control systems, and shall take any such action it deems appropriate.

In any case, where the Audit Committee determines not to ratify a related party transaction that has been commenced without approval, the Audit Committee, as appropriate, may direct additional actions including, but not limited to, discontinuation of the transaction or seeking the approval of the shareholders, payment of compensation for the loss suffered by the related party etc. In connection with any review/approval of a related party transaction, the Audit Committee has authority to modify or waive any procedural requirements of this Policy.

### **REVIEW OF POLICY**

The policy will be reviewed once in two years or earlier where material amendment has been made in the listing agreement or the Act

